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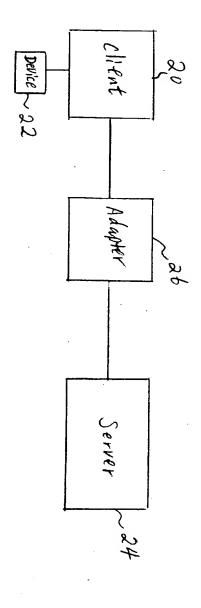
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Title: System and Method for Extending Secure Authentication Using Unique Session Keys Derived from Authentication Method



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create a password for a client

utilize the password and a client id to authenticate the client

modify accounting data

Fig. 2

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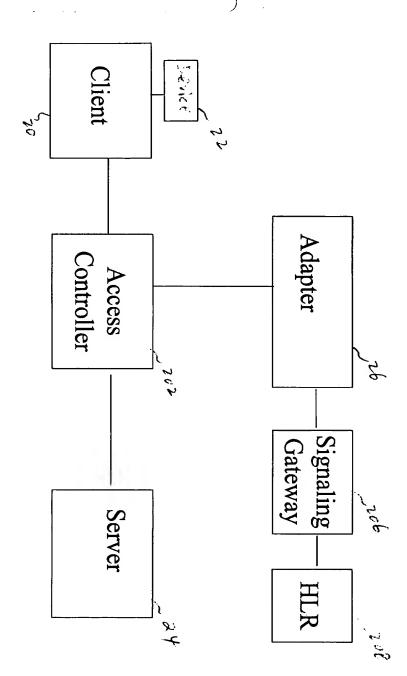


Fig. 3

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, CDR Field Presence Description Source M=Mandatory C= Conditional O= Optional Record Type M (S-CDR/G-CDR) The field identifies the type of the record e.g. S-CDR, Gadapter 26 charging CDR, M-CDR, S-SMO-CDR and S-SMT-CDR application GGSN Address M (S-CDR/G-CDR) The IP address of the GGSN used. Network Management, during PDP Context Activation. SGSN Address M (S-CDR/G-CDR) The IP address of the SGSN Network Management Routing Area Routing Area at the time of the record creation. Network Management, Or received from the client. Local Area Code O (S-CDR) Location area code at the time of the record creation. Network Management, or received from the client. Cell Identity O (S-CDR) Cell id at the time of the record creation. Network Management, or received from the client. GGSN Address M (S-CDR) The IP address of the GGSN currently used. The GGSN WAIN Server Used address is always the same for an activated PDP. Charging application, or during PDP Context Activation. Access Point M (S-CDR/G-CDR) This field contains the logical Access Point Name used to Network Management, NameNI determine the actual connected access point. APN comprises received from the of mandatory network identifier and optional operator client or the AP. identifier (This field is the network identifier). APN can also be a wildcard, in which case SGSN selects the access point address. See GSM 09.60 [22] and GSM 03.60 [8] for more information about APN format and access point decision rules. The Access Point Name is information from the MS or SGSN, that may be used by the GGSN to differentiate between accesses to different external packet data networks using the same PDP Type. APN Selection O (S-CDR/G-CDR) This field indicates how the SGSN selected the APN to be Mode is selected by the Mode used. The values and their meaning are as specified in GSM adapter 26 based on the 09.60 [22] clause 7.9 'Information elements' selection algorithm. PDP Type M (S-CDR/G-CDR) This field defines the PDP type, e.g. X.25, IP, PPP, or Selected by the type of IHOSS:OSP (see GSM 09.60 for exact format). PDP context used. Dynamic Address C (G-CDR) This field indicates that PDP address has been dynamically Selected based on the Flag allocated for that particular PDP context. Field is missing if PDP address selection address is static i.e. part of PDP context subscription. method. Dynamic address allocation might be relevant for charging e.g. the duration of PDP context as one resource offered and

Fig. 4A

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		possible owned by network operator.	
Node ID	Ó (Ŝ-ĆDR/G-CDR)	This field contains an optional operator configurable identifier string for the node which generated the CDR.	Network Management
Local Record Sequence Number	O (S-CDR/G-CDR)	This field includes a unique record number created by this node. The number is allocated sequentially including all CDR types. The number is unique within one node, which is identified either by field Node ID or by record dependent node address (SGSN address, GGSN address, Recording Entity) The field can be used e.g. to identify missing records in post processing system.	adapter 26 charging application
Access Point Name OI	O (S-CDR)	This field contains the logical Access Point Name used to determine the actual connected access point. APN comprises of mandatory network identifier and optional operator identifier (This field is the operator identifier). APN can also be a wildcard, in which case SGSN selects the access point address. See GSM 09.60 [22] and GSM 03.60 [8] for more information about APN format and access point decision rules.	adapter 26 charging application
		The Access Point Name is information from the MS or SGSN, that may be used by the GGSN to differentiate between accesses to different external packet data networks using the same PDP Type.	
Record Sequence Number	C (S-CDR/G-CDR)	This field contains a running sequence number employed to link the partial records generated in the SGSN/GGSN for a particular PDP context (characterized with same the Charging ID and GGSN address pair). In the S-CDR the sequence number is always started from one after inter-SGSN routing area update, see field "SGSN change". The Record Sequence Number is missing if the record is the only one produced in the SGSN/GGSN for the PDP context (e.g. inter-SGSN routing area update can result to two S-CDRs without sequence number and field "SGSN update" present	adapter 26 charging application

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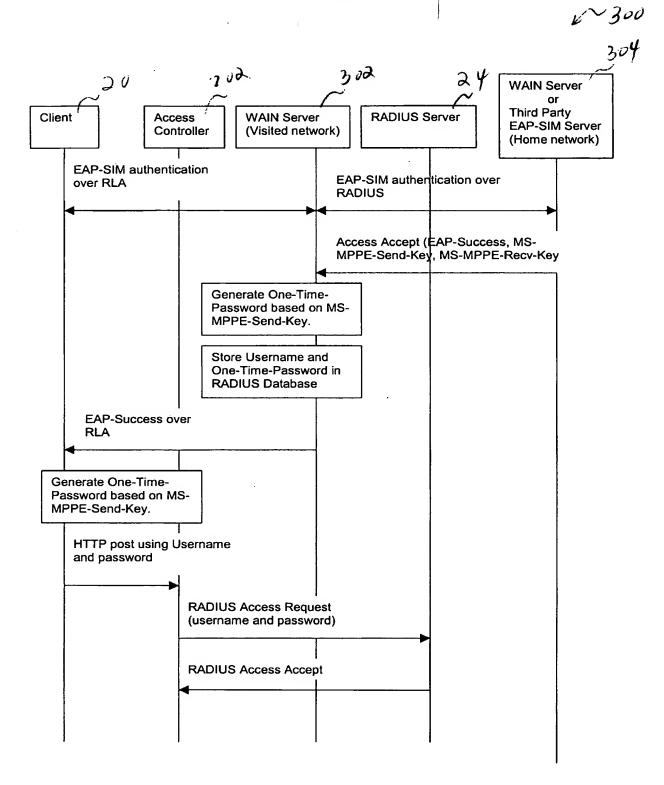


Fig. 5